Candidate: Betty Penske<br>Assessment: Behavioral History Survey - Entry-Level Version (Spanish)<br>Completed:<br>Prepared for: Susan Bookman<br>HR Avatar Data Collection Account

## Test Results and Interview Guide

The Behavioral History Survey - Entry-Level Version (Spanish) assessment measures key factors related to high performance and tenure in this job. Attribute types measured vary by test, but can include cognitive ability, skills, knowledge, personality characteristics, emotional intelligence, and past behavioral history. This report includes a one page summary, followed by detailed results with an embedded interview guide. Note that these results should always be used as a part of a balanced candidate selection process that includes independent evaluation steps, such as interviews and reference checks.

Test Results and

## Overall



## Competency Summary

| Competency | Score | Interpretation |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Behavioral History (relates to performance and turnover) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| History Survey - Performance | 62 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| History Survey - Tenure | 71 | 0 | ${ }^{20}$ | 40 | ${ }^{60}$ | 80 |  |
|  |  | 0 | 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | 100 |

## Comparison

Percentile scores indicate how the candidate compares to other test-takers within various groups. The candidate scored equal to or better than the fraction of test-takers indicated by the percentile.

| Test-Taker Group | Percentile | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Global | 67th |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | 55th |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HR Avatar Data | 61st |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Detail

Candidate: Betty Penske, bettypenske@yourcompany.org
Assessment: Behavioral History Survey - Entry-Level Version (Spanish)
Authorized: July 27, 2024, by Susan Book
Started: July 27, 2024, 7:14:08 AM EST
Completed: July 27, 2024, 7:14:08 AM EST
Overall Score: 67

## Behavioral History Detail

This section evaluates answers the candidate gave concerning his or her work-related history. Studies often show that a candidate"s past behavior often indicates his or her future behavior. Potential caution areas (if any) are specified in each detail section.

| Detail | Interview Guide |
| :---: | :---: |
| History Survey - <br> Performance <br> Score: 62 <br> Description: <br> Evaluate elements of the candidate's previous work and educational history to identify whether their performance potential will be high or low. <br> Interpretation: <br> The candidate's score indicates past behaviors that neither detract from nor enhance job performance. <br> Show that you have had previous behaviors and achievements that are likely to translate into average work performance. |  |
| History Survey - <br> Tenure <br> Score: 71 <br> Description: <br> Evaluate the candidate's previous employment history and other factors to identify if they will have a low potential to remain in the position. <br> Interpretation: <br> The candidate's score indicates past behaviors that contribute to above average job performance. <br> Show behaviors that may result in a slightly higher than average level of staying in your position. |  |

## Identity Confirmation Photos

The following photos of the candidate and any identification were uploaded during the assessment session.


## Report Preparation Notes

- Hiring decisions should never be based on a single source of information. The most effective use of this assessment report is as a part of a multi-faceted program of candidate evaluation that includes resume review, interviews, and reference checks.
- Overall vs Percentiles Scores: The overall score reflects the success in the test, based on the mean (average) and standard deviation of the test scores. The percentile score reflects the percentage of test-takers who scored equal or below this overall score. We recommend you use the Overall Score as your primary evaluation criteria. However, percentile scores can often be useful in comparing specific candidates against one another and with a group, such as for test takers in a certain organization or within a certain account.
- Note that comparison information is calculated based on completed instances of this assessment at that time the assessment is scored. As additional instances are completed, the comparative data may change. You can always update a report to the current values by clicking on 'Recalculate Percentiles' within the online results viewing pages at www.hravatar.com.
- Most competency scores are norm-based, which means that they can be interpreted in terms of their distance from the average or mean score. For all scales, a score equal to the mean receives a score of 65 and scores above and below this value are set so that a score change of 15 equals one standard deviation.
- For linear competencies, higher is better across the entire scale. For these scales a score between 65 and 80 (light green) represents 0 to 1 standard deviation above the mean and a score above 80 (dark green) represents more than one standard deviation above the mean. Similarly, a score of 50-65 (yellow) represents 0 to 1 standard deviation below the mean, while a score of $35-50$ (orange) equates to 1 to 2 standard deviations below the mean, and a score below 35 represents more than 2 standard deviations below the mean.
- Sim ID: 15732-1, Key: 0-0, Rpt: 16, Prd: 6504, Created: 2024-07-27 12:14 UTC
- UA: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; Trident/7.0; Touch; rv:11.0) like Gecko


## Score Calculation Detail

The following table provides a summary of how the overall score was calculated from the individual competency scores. Competency scores are calculated on a 0-100 scale by first calculating a Z statistic based on test-taker responses and then transforming the $Z$ value to a scale with target mean and standard deviation. Certain competencies have a normal score distribution where it is best to be closest to the mean. For these competencies we modify the $Z$ statistic by multiplying its absolute value by minus 1 for the overall score calculation. Next, to calculate the overall score, a weighted average of all modified competency Z statistics is computed and this weighted average is itself transformed to a Z statistic, which is then transformed to a score with the same target mean and standard deviation. Finally outlier scores are adjusted if they are below 0 or above 100.

| Competency | Score | How applied to <br> overall | Score Value Used | Weight (\%) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| History Survey - <br> Performance | 62.8744 | Z-Statistic | -0.1417 | 50.0000 |
| History Survey - | 71.2830 | Z-Statistic | 0.4189 | 50.0000 |
| Tenure |  |  | 0.1386 |  |
| Weighted Average of Competency Z-Scores: |  | 1.0000 |  |  |
| Mean applied to Raw Weighted Avg: |  | 0.1386 |  |  |
| Standard Deviation applied to Raw Weighted Avg: | 65.0000 |  |  |  |
| Normalized Raw Score: |  | 67.0000 |  |  |
| Mean: |  |  |  |  |
| Standard Deviation Used: |  |  |  |  |
| Final Overall Score: |  |  |  |  |

## Notes

(This area is intentionally blank - it's reserved as space for your notes.)

