

# Test Results and Interview Guide

Candidate: Richard Wantsajob

Assessment: Applying Business Information (Basic, Spanish)

Completed: October 26, 2024

Prepared for: Sara Maple

Example Company

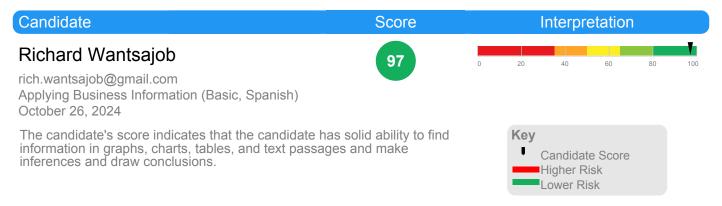
# What's Included

- Overall Score
- Competency Summary Table
- Comparison Matrix
- Detailed Competency Results with Interview Guide

Important Note: The Applying Business Information (Basic, Spanish) assessment measures key factors related to high performance and tenure in this job. Attribute types measured vary by test, but can include cognitive ability, skills, knowledge, personality characteristics, emotional intelligence, and past behavioral history. This report includes a one page summary, followed by detailed results with an embedded interview guide. Note that these results should always be used as a part of a balanced candidate selection process that includes independent evaluation steps, such as interviews and reference checks.



## **Overall**



# **Competency Summary**

Competency Skills/Knowledge (relates to immediate readiness)	Score	Interpretation					
Applying Business Information	97	0	20	40	60	80	100

# Comparison

Percentile scores indicate how the candidate compares to other test-takers within various groups. The candidate scored equal to or better than the fraction of test-takers indicated by the percentile.





## **Detail**

Candidate: Richard Wantsajob, rich.wantsajob@gmail.com

Assessment: Applying Business Information (Basic, Spanish)

Authorized: October 26, 2024, by Sara Maple, Example Company, qamailsaram.mike@hravatar.com

Started: October 25, 2024, 9:17:24 PM EDT Completed: October 25, 2024, 9:17:24 PM EDT

Overall Score: 97

# **Knowledge and Skills Detail**

This section contains a list of job-related knowledge areas and skills that have been evaluated. Low scores in these areas often indicate that additional learning may be required before top performance can be achieved.

#### Detail

# Applying Business

Score: 97

Information



#### Description:

The ability to find information in graphs, charts, tables, and text passages and make inferences and draw conclusions from that data.

#### Interpretation:

Candidate should achieve superior job performance in this area with little or no training.

The candidate's score in this area indicates that the candidate has solid ability to find information in graphs, charts, tables, and text passages and make inferences and draw conclusions.

#### Interview Guide

How do you feel your data interpretation skills will help you in your career goals?



2

3

 $\Diamond$ 

5

Clearly is able to tie in their high level data interpretation skills to career goals relating to the position. Ties their high level data interpretation skills to their career goals. But it's not clear how those goals fit into the position.

Is unable to tie their high level data interpretation skills to career goals relating to the position.



# **Identity Confirmation Photos**

The following photos of the candidate and any identification were uploaded during the assessment session.

# Photo Analysis Results

- Risk:	Medium risk of cheating based on image inconsistencies
- Percent match among processed faces	100%
- Total images processed	17
- Total images with valid faces	14 (82%)
- Total pairs of faces compared	13
- Pairs in which faces matched	13 (100%)









Pre/Post-Test Photo

ID Photo

In-Test Error Detected (No Face Detected)

In-Test Error Detected (No Face Detected)









In-Test Error Detected (No Face Detected)

In-Test Photo

In-Test Photo

In-Test Photo





In-Test Photo

Pre/Post-Test Photo



# **Report Preparation Notes**

- Hiring decisions should never be based on a single source of information. The most effective use of this
  assessment report is as a part of a multi-faceted program of candidate evaluation that includes resume review,
  interviews, and reference checks.
- Overall vs Percentiles Scores: The overall score reflects the success in the test, based on the mean (average)
  and standard deviation of the test scores. The percentile score reflects the percentage of test-takers who scored
  equal or below this overall score. We recommend you use the Overall Score as your primary evaluation criteria.
  However, percentile scores can often be useful in comparing specific candidates against one another and with a
  group, such as for test takers in a certain organization or within a certain account.
- Note that comparison information is calculated based on completed instances of this assessment at that time
  the assessment is scored. As additional instances are completed, the comparative data may change. You can
  always update a report to the current values by clicking on 'Recalculate Percentiles' within the online results
  viewing pages at www.hravatar.com.
- Most competency scores are norm-based, which means that they can be interpreted in terms of their distance
  from the average or mean score. For all scales, a score equal to the mean receives a score of 65 and scores
  above and below this value are set so that a score change of 15 equals one standard deviation.
- For linear competencies, higher is better across the entire scale. For these scales a score between 65 and 80 (light green) represents 0 to 1 standard deviation above the mean and a score above 80 (dark green) represents more than one standard deviation above the mean. Similarly, a score of 50 65 (yellow) represents 0 to 1 standard deviation below the mean, while a score of 35 50 (orange) equates to 1 to 2 standard deviations below the mean, and a score below 35 represents more than 2 standard deviations below the mean.
- Sim ID: 16057-1, Key: 0-0, Rpt: 91, Prd: 7028, Created: 2024-10-26 01:17 UTC
- UA: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; Trident/7.0; Touch; rv:11.0) like Gecko



# **Score Calculation Detail**

The following table provides a summary of how the overall score was calculated from the individual competency scores. Competency scores are calculated on a 0-100 scale by first calculating a Z statistic based on test-taker responses and then transforming the Z value to a scale with target mean and standard deviation. Certain competencies have a normal score distribution where it is best to be closest to the mean. For these competencies we modify the Z statistic by multiplying its absolute value by minus 1 for the overall score calculation. Next, to calculate the overall score, a weighted average of all modified competency Z statistics is computed and this weighted average is itself transformed to a Z statistic, which is then transformed to a score with the same target mean and standard deviation. Finally outlier scores are adjusted if they are below 0 or above 100.

Competency	Score	How applied to overall	Score Value Used	Weight (%)		
Applying Business Information	97.3446	Z-Statistic	2.1563	100.0000		
Weighted Average of Competency Z-Scores:						
Mean applied to Raw Weighted Avg:						
Standard Deviation applied to Raw Weighted Avg:						
Normalized Raw Score:						
Mean:						
Standard Deviation Used:						
Final Overall Score:				97.3446		



# **Notes**

(This area is intentionally blank - it's reserved as space for your notes.)